Incidence and Outcomes of Permanent Pacemaker Placement after Aortic Valve Replacement



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Anesthesiology

Introduction

- Aortic valve replacement (AVR) is associated with conduction abnormalities
- Conduction abnormalities may require placement of a permanent pacemaker (PPM)

We sought to investigate the incidence of PPM placement after isolated AVR



Methods

- Retrospective utilization of the State Inpatient Database, Healthcare Utilization Project, AHRQ
- Contains records of patients discharged from nonfederal, non-psychiatric community hospitals
- More than 100 clinical/non-clinical variables
- Isolation of aortic valve surgery
 - -2006-2011
 - New York, Florida and California
 - ICD-9 procedure and diagnosis codes
- Exclusion criteria: Additional valvular or coronary surgery



Patient Demographics and Hospital Information

	PPM		No PPM		Total Cases		P-value				
=	N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)					
Total	2727	(5.7)	44854	(94.3)	47581						
Patient Demographics											
State		*****					0.13				
California	1137	(5.9)	18208	(94.1)	19345						
Florida	746	(5.9)	11920	(94.1)	12666						
New York	844	(5.4)	14726	(94.6)	15570						
Age				***			< 0.0001				
Mean, Mean +/-5%	70.5 (70.	0,71.0)	68.4 (68	3.2, 68.5)							
Age by category	36	300	240	-			< 0.0001				
<45	126	(4.6)	3004	(6.7)	3130	(6.6)					
45-54	186	(6.8)	4188	(9.3)	4374	(9.2)					
55-64	474	(17.4)	7729	(17.2)	8203	(17.2)					
65-74	671	(24.6)	11905	(26.5)	12576	(26.4)					
>75	1270	(46.6)	18028	(40.2)	19298	(40.6)					
Gender				7.7		(8752) 34795	< 0.0001				
Male	1445	(53.0)	26128	(58.3)	27573	(58.0)					
Female	1281	(47.0)	18686	(41.7)	19967	(42.0)					
Devo Index, average		200		72300			< 0.0001				
Mean, Mean +/-5%	1.7 (1	.7, 1.8)	1.6 (1	.5, 1.6)							
Hospitalization Information											
Length of stay							< 0.0001				
Mean, Mean +/-5%	14.8 (14	4.4, 15.2)	10.7 (10	.6, 10.8)							
Disposition							< 0.0001				
Routine	683	(25.1)	13967	(31.1)	14650	(30.8)	ASSESSION SERVICE				
Transfer to short-term hospital Transfer to other/	46	(1.7)	406	(0.9)	452	(1.0)					
unknown	807	(29.6)	10114	(22.6)	10921	(23.0)					
Home health care	1138	(41.7)	19204	(42.8)	20342						
Died	53	(1.9)	1160	(2.6)	1213	(2.6)					





Postoperative complications and procedures

	PPM		No P	No PPM		Total Cases						
	N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)						
Total	2727	(5.7)	44854	(94.3)	47581							
Complications												
In-hospital mortality	53	(1.9)	1160	(2.6)	1213	(2.6)	0.039					
Cardiac or Pulmonary												
Complications	1258	(46.1)	18137	(40.4)	19395	(40.8)	<0.00001					
CVA or Stroke	352	(12.9)	5023	(11.2)	5375	(11.3)	0.006					
Pulmonary Embolism	138	(5.1)	2023	(4.5)	2161	(4.5)	0.180					
Sepsis	160	(5.9)	1555	(3.5)	1715	(3.6)	<0.0001					
Shock	153	(5.6)	1858	(4.1)	2011	(4.2)	<0.0001					
Pneumonia	305	(11.2)	4054	(9.0)	4359	(9.2)	0.0002					
Myocardial Infarction	207	(7.6)	3365	(7.5)	3572	(7.5)	0.865					
Acute renal failure	598	(21.9)	7219	(16.1)	7817	(16.4)	<0.0001					
Hemorrhage	887	(32.5)	12966	(28.9)	13853	(29.1)	<0.0001					
Infection	422	(15.5)	4341	(9.7)	4763	(10.0)	< 0.0001					
Acute respiratory failure	1006	(36.9)	14045	(31.3)	15051	(31.6)	<0.0001					
Procedures												
Postoperative blood												
transfusions	1443	(52.9)	21867	(48.8)	23310	(49.0)	<0.0001					
Mechanical Ventilation	430	(15.8)	5483	(12.2)	5913	(12.4)	<0.0001					





Discussion

- Preliminary data suggests permanent pacemakers have a lower frequency of death
- Future investigation
 - Timing of permanent pacemaker placement
 - Comorbidities and combination procedures
- Limitation
 - Variable criteria for placement across institutions
 - Data entry errors
 - Secondary data source
 - Narrow scope of study



